PI: Jyoti ShahPI's E-mail: Shah@unt.eduProject ID: FY17-SH-003ARS Agreement #: 59-0200-3-003Research Category: GDERDuration of Award: 1 YearProject Title: Wheat Variants Deficient in a FHB Susceptibility Factor

PROJECT 2 ABSTRACT (1 Page Limit)

Besides genes involved in defense, host genes associated with susceptibility, for example those required for pathogen growth, development and pathogenicity, also provide targets for controlling disease. With previous support from the USWBSI we identified 9-lipoxgyenases (9-LOXs) as susceptibility factors in plant interaction with *Fusarium graminearum*. In *Arabidopsis thaliana* and in wheat, knockdown of 9-LOX function resulted in enhanced resistance to *Fusarium* head blight (FHB) caused by *F. graminearum*. RNA-interference (RNAi)-mediated silencing of *Lpx3* in the hexaploid wheat cv Bobwhite resulted in resistance that was characterized by lack of spread of the infection from the inoculated spikelet. However, whether the effect of *Lpx3* knockdown on promoting FHB resistance is also effective in other wheat backgrounds needs to be assessed. Furthermore, if a specific *Lpx3* homeolog is the susceptibility factor, or whether more than one *Lpx3* homeologs contribute to susceptibility remains to be determined.

The goals of this project are: (i) to confirm if knock-down of *Lpx3* in other wheat varieties can similarly enhance FHB resistance, and (ii) simultaneously to identify *Lpx3* variants that confer resistance to FHB in wheat varieties that can be utilized by breeding programs. As a first step in this direction, several TILLING mutants have been identified in the hexaploid and tetraploid wheat varieties Cadenza and Kronos, respectively that are predicted to yield prematurely truncated Lpx3 protein. These mutants cover all three *Lpx3* homeologs on chromosomes 4A, 4B and 4D. Additional strong missense alleles are also available.

- 1. Isolate homozygous *Lpx3* mutant lines from the three sub-genomes, and backcross them to clear background mutations.
- 2. Characterize the response of *Lpx3* mutants to *F. graminearum*.
- 3. Develop wheat lines containing combinations of Lpx3 mutant alleles at the homeologous chromosomes.

Homozygous lines are available for some of the Lpx3 mutants, but not for all. Under objective 1, PCR and/or DNA sequencing will be used to follow the genotypes at the Lpx3 locus to isolate homozygous mutants at the Lpx3 locus on chromosome 4A, 4B and 4D. Objective 2 will assess FHB resistance and mycotoxin accumulation in individual Lpx3 mutant lines. Under objective 3, crosses will be made between the homeologous Lpx3 mutants on chromosome 4A, 4B and 4D with the goal of developing plants in which multiple Lpx3 homeologs have been knocked out such that the effect of combined knockout of these Lpx3 homeologs on FHB severity can be studied.

The proposed project is relevant to the GDER initiative of USWBSI to *identify candidate genes for resistance against FHB and/or reduced DON accumulation*. Our approach and the genes/mechanisms being targeted complement the activity of other USWBSI sponsored projects.